

Exercise 1: Symmetrically-ordered characteristic function for a squeezed state

Let us consider a squeezed state $|\alpha, r\rangle$, where α is a complex number, but r is real. The goal is to find the corresponding form of the symmetrically ordered characteristic function

$$\chi(\eta) = \text{Tr} \left\{ \hat{\rho} e^{\eta \hat{a}^\dagger - \eta^* \hat{a}} \right\} = \langle \alpha, r | e^{\eta \hat{a}^\dagger - \eta^* \hat{a}} | \alpha, r \rangle.$$

Remember that $|\alpha, r\rangle = \hat{D}(\alpha) \hat{S}(r) |0\rangle$. In order to find $\chi(\eta)$ you will have to follow the following steps:

- First use the Baker-Hausdorff formula to show that

$$e^{\eta \hat{a}^\dagger - \eta^* \hat{a}} = e^{\eta \hat{a}^\dagger} e^{-\eta^* \hat{a}} e^{-|\eta|^2/2}$$

- Show that

$$\hat{D}(\alpha)^\dagger e^{\eta \hat{a}^\dagger} e^{\eta^* \hat{a}} \hat{D}(\alpha) = e^{\eta(\hat{a}^\dagger + \alpha^*)} e^{-\eta^*(\hat{a} + \alpha)}$$

- Show then that

$$\hat{S}(r)^\dagger e^{\eta \hat{a}^\dagger} e^{-\eta^* \hat{a}} \hat{S}(r) = e^{\eta(\cosh r \hat{a}^\dagger - \sinh r \hat{a})} e^{-\eta^*(\cosh r \hat{a} - \sinh r \hat{a}^\dagger)}$$

- Using again the Baker-Hausdorff formula, show that

$$\begin{aligned} e^{\eta(\cosh r \hat{a}^\dagger - \sinh r \hat{a})} &= e^{\eta \cosh r \hat{a}^\dagger} e^{-\eta \sinh r \hat{a}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sinh r \cosh r \eta^2}, \\ e^{-\eta^*(\cosh r \hat{a} - \sinh r \hat{a}^\dagger)} &= e^{\eta^* \sinh r \hat{a}} e^{-\eta^* \cosh r \hat{a}^\dagger} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sinh r \cosh r \eta^{*2}}, \end{aligned}$$

- Note that $e^{-\eta^* \cosh r \hat{a}} |0\rangle = |0\rangle$, and $\langle 0 | e^{\eta \sinh r \hat{a}^\dagger} = \langle 0 |$.
- Use again the Baker Hausdorff formula to show that:

$$e^{-\eta \sinh r \hat{a}} e^{\eta^* \sinh r \hat{a}^\dagger} = e^{\eta^* \sinh r \hat{a}^\dagger} e^{-\eta \sinh r \hat{a}} e^{-|\eta|^2 \sinh^2 r}$$

- Now you should be able to calculate easily

$$\langle 0 | e^{-\eta \sinh r \hat{a}} e^{\eta^* \sinh r \hat{a}^\dagger} | 0 \rangle$$

If you did all the calculation correctly you should retrieve:

$$\chi(\eta) = e^{\eta \alpha^* - \eta^* \alpha - |\eta|^2/2 - |\eta|^2 \sinh^2 r - \frac{1}{2} \sinh r \cosh r (\eta^2 + \eta^{*2})}$$

Exercise 2: Wigner function of a squeezed state

We consider the state $|\alpha, r\rangle$ discussed in the first exercise. The goal now is to calculate the Wigner function associated to this state. Remember that

$$W(\beta) = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \int d^2 \eta e^{\eta^* \beta - \eta \beta^*} \chi(\eta)$$

By writing everything in terms of real and imaginary parts, you will retrieve to Gaussian integrals (for η_r and for η_i). Remember that the Fourier transform of a Gaussian is other Gaussian:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx e^{-x^2/\sigma^2} e^{ikx} = \sqrt{\pi}\sigma e^{-k^2\sigma^2/4}$$

If we define $\beta = (x_1 + ix_2)/2$, and $\alpha = (X_1 + iX_2)/2$, show that

$$W(\beta) = \frac{2}{\pi} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(x_1 - X_1)^2}{e^{2r}}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(x_2 - X_2)^2}{e^{-2r}}}$$

Exercise 3: P-Representation of a squeezed state

Try to evaluate the P-representation, $P(\beta)$, of a squeezed state. Remember that $\chi_N(\eta) = \chi(\eta)e^{|\eta|^2/2}$, and that $P(\beta) = \int d^2\eta e^{\eta^*\beta - \eta\beta^*} \chi_N(\eta)$. Where is the problem?